

# Can seals detect fish rich in oil with their sense of smell?



Final thesis, International Masters Programme Applied Biology, Linköping University 2007

Madeleine Svelander

Supervisor: Mats Amundin Co-supervisor: Matthias Laska

## **Background**

- Few studies on olfaction in marine mammals.
- Brain of pinnipeds somewhat reduced olfactory areas.
- Some authors states seals have a poor sense of smell.

Aim: Develop a method to test olfactory capabilities in Cape fur seals. Test if they are able to discriminate between odors and in particular between the odors of fish that differ in their content of oil. Test their long-term memory for odors.

#### Method

- •Four seals participated in this study.
- •A rewarded operant conditioning paradigm was used.
- •The seals had to choose between two odors that were simultaneously presented to them.
- •Criterion: 75 % correct choices in two consecutive sessions.

| Rewarded<br>stimuli (S+) | Unrewarded<br>stimuli (S-)        |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Ex. 1: Fish + salmon oil | v Empty container<br>s.           |
| Ex. 2: Fish + salmon oil | v Clove (essential oil)<br>s.     |
| Ex. 3: Fish + salmon oil | v Black pepper (essential s. oil) |
| Ex. 4: Fish + salmon oil | v Myrtle (essential oil)<br>s.    |
| Ex. 5; Fish + salmon oil | v Fish without salmon oil<br>s.   |
| Ex. 6: Squid             | v Fish without salmon oil<br>s.   |
| Ex. 7: Empty container   | v Empty container<br>s.           |

The odor-combinations used in this study. They were used in different experiments in this study.

### Conclusions

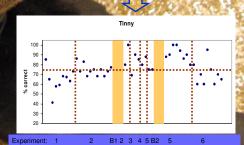
- •Cape fur seals are able to discriminate between odors.
- •They are able to discriminate between fish that differ in their content of oil.
- They have a long-term memory for the reward value of odors.
- •Cape fur seals can be trained to discriminate between odors.

#### Results

- •All animals were successful in discriminating between the different odors tested.
- •They successfully discriminated between the odors of fish that differ in their content of salmon oil.
- •In memory tests they were also successful, performing in a similar way before and after breaks of seven and 14 days.



The picture on the left show the experimental set-up with the two containers in which the different odors were kept and the picture on the right show a seal making a choice.



These are the results of one of the animals. The vertical lines show where the experiments ended and began and the areas marked with B1 and B2 show two breaks after which I could measure the fur seals memory for odors.